UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/34

Paper 34 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page		ge 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	,	-		GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9702	34
1	(b)	Valu	ue for	V_0 in range 1.3 to 1.7V, with unit		[1]
	(c)	(ii)	First	value of V less than V_0		[1]
	(d)	No	help 1	from Supervisor (-1 for minor help, -2 for major help)		[2]
	(d)	Measurements table Six sets of readings of R and V scores 3 marks, five sets scores 2 marks etc. Wrong trend in table then -1 .				[3]
	(d)	Table - range Values of R must include one of $100/220\Omega$ and one of $3300/4700\Omega$.				[1]
	(d)	Eac The	h col re m	column headings umn heading must contain a quantity and a unit where ust be some distinguishing mark between the quantity nits in the body of the table. R/(1000+R) has no unit.		[1]
	(d)	Table - consistency of presentation of raw readings. All values of raw <i>V</i> must be given to the same number of decimal places.				[1]
	(d)	Table – calculated values Check the specified value of $R/(1000+R)$ is calculated correctly. If incorrect, write in the correct value. Ignore rounding errors.				[1]
	(d)	Table - significant figures S.f. for 1/V must be the same as, or one more than, s.f. for raw V. Check each row in the table.			[1]	
	(e)	(i)	Sens allow the g plott	ph) Axes – sible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) yed. Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be lated. Ignore units. Allow inverted axes, –1 wrong quantiting squares between scale markings.	occupy at least h belled with the q	uantity
			All o	ph) Plotting – bservations must be plotted. Ring and check a suspect if correct. Re-plot if incorrect. Plots should be no more ect position in x or y direction. Diameter must be less there.	than ½ a small s	•
	(e)	(ii)	At le Judg scat	pph) Line of best fit – east 5 trend plots are needed. ge by scatter of points about the candidate's line. There ter of points either side of the line. Indicate best line if o t the best line. If trend curved allow a smooth drawn c	candidate's line	[1] line.
			All ta	aph) Quality of results – able points must be plotted (minimum of 5 needed). Ju lots which must be within \pm 0.02 V $^{-1}$ of assessors line		[1]

	Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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	(e) (iii)	The Both	dient – hypotenuse of the Δ must be at least half the length of read-offs must be accurate to half a small square. Ch ck sign is consistent with trend.		[1]
	(e) (iii)	Intercept – Correctly read-off from graph (indicate a false origin) or the method of calculation is correct (check substitution of point on line).			
	(f) Me	ethod o	of calculation of <i>P</i> is correct with gradient and intercept	values used.	[1]
			r P in range 630 to 730 Ω , with unit. ion loses both marks.		[1]
					[Total: 20]
2	(c) (i)	Valu	te of l < 25cm, with unit.		[1]
	(c) (i)	<i>l</i> to r	nearest mm.		[1]
	(c) (iii)	Evid	ence of repeated measurements of $h_{ extstyle{final}}$		[1]
	(c) (iii)	Valu	te of h_{final} in range 5.0 to 50.0 cm.		[1]
	(d) Percentage uncertainty in $h_{\rm final}$. If repeated readings have been done then the uncertainty could be half the range absolute uncertainty must be in range 2 mm to 20 mm. Correct ratio idea required.		[1] je, otherwise		
	(e) E _p	to no	more than 3 s.f.		[1]
	(e) Va	lue foi	$r E_p$ consistent with unit.		[1]
	(f) Se	cond	value of $\it l$ greater than first value.		[1]
	(f) Se	cond	value of h_{final}		[1]
	(f) Se	cond	value of h_{final} shows correct trend (i.e. $l \uparrow h \uparrow$ or $l \downarrow h$	↓).	[1]
	(g) Ch	eck ca	alculation of the two values of $E_{ m p}\!$		[1]
			nclusion based on the calculated values. Consistent wi iterion.	th 20% or with ca	andidate's [1]

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(h)

	Limitation (4 max)	Improvement (4 max)
Α	Two sets of readings are not enough / only two sets	Take more readings <u>and</u> plot a graph
В	Difficult to take measurements (h/l) because the ruler moves / is not vertical	Clamp rule / ensure rule is vertical using a set square on the bench
С	Change in properties / deterioration of the thread due to repeated drops	Use a new thread each time
D	Poor accuracy due to size of increment / only note measured $h_{\rm final}$ values not the values between.	Use smaller increments
E	Obtaining constant loop length for repeats at one value of loop length / variation in h_{final} values for repeats at one loop length	Sensible method to ensure constant loop length for repeats
F	Tangling cotton	

Do not allow 'repeated readings', centres of mass, or nail, knots, time ideas.

Do not allow use of video, 'use a computer to improve experiment', sensors.

Do not allow amount of tape/plasticine/glue, thinner/thicker thread, fans.

Do not allow 'eye level'.

[Total: 20]